Safety Data Sheet LOK 2609



| 1. Identification | |
|---|---|
| Product identifier | LOK 2609 |
| Product code | RALOK26091000ML; RALOK2609250ML; RALOK260950ML |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | Anaerobic resins with high strength. |
| Manufacturer | AEROCHEM Inc. 5977 Trans Canada Highway Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1 Canada Tel. 514-630-2800 General Information: 1-888-592-5837 Fax 514-630-2828 www.aerochem.ca |
| Emergency phone number | Quebec Poison Center: 1-800-463-5060 (toll free in QC) Ontario and Manitoba Poison Centres: 1-800-268-9017 or 419-813-5900 BC Drug and Poison Information Centre: 1-800-567-8911 (toll free in BC) or contact your local poison control centre in the state/province or territory where you live. INFOTRAC® 1-800-535-5053. International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week. |

2. Hazard identification

Summary

Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS



Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 1)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

Skin sensitizer (Category 1)

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, Respiratory tract irritation (Category 3)

DANGER

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

P260: Do not breathe vapours.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P301+330+331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water and soap or take a shower if necessary.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333+313: If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P403+233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

| 3. Composition/information on ingredients | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|--|
| Common name | CAS | Weight % content | |
| Hydroxypropyl methacrylate | 27813-02-1 | 45 - 50 % | |
| Aliphatic urethane acrylate | Urethane No CAS | 5 - 10 % | |
| Acrylic acid | 79-10-7 | 5 - 10 % | |
| 1-Acetyl-2-phenylhydrazine | 114-83-0 | 0.1 - 1 % | |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | 80-15-9 | 0.1 - 1 % | |

Note: No CAS number was provided for the ingredient Aliphatic urethane acrylate (Urethane No CAS) from the supplier's SDS.

| 4. First-aid | measures | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Inhalation | Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. | |
| Skin contact | Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. | |
| Eye contact | IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately. | |
| Ingestion | DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give small amounts of water to drink. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately. | |
| Other | No information available. | |
| Symptoms | May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. May cause severe skin irritation and burns. May cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract. May cause an allergic reaction of the skin. | |
| Notes to the physician | Apply a symptomatic and supportive treatment. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. | |

| 5. Fire-fighting r | 5. Fire-fighting measures | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Dry chemicals, chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a heavy water jet. | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Non-Flammable. May be combustible at high temperature. | | |
| Special protective equipment | Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals. | | |

| Special protective | Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from |
|--------------------|---|
| actions for | entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. |
| fire-fighters | |

| 6. Accidental release measures | | |
|---|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent entry into sewers, closed areas and release to the environment. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities. | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Ventilate the area well. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) or wipe up or scrape up and place in an appropriate waste disposal container clearly identified. Finish cleaning by rinsing with water contaminated surface. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | |

| 7. Handling and | storage |
|--|---|
| Precautions for safe handling | People with a history of skin sensitization should not intervene in the process using this product. Use in well ventilated area. Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toiletries. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store tightly closed and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Store in dry protected area free from humidity, freezing temperatures or extreme temperature changes. |
| Storage temperature | 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F) |

| 8. Exposure controls/personal protection | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health | No IDLH value is reported. | | | |
| Hydroxypropyl methacryl | ate STEL TWA (8h) | 3 ppm 1 ppm | n 1 | Other Other |
| Acrylic acid | TWA (8h) | 2 ppm | | ACGIH (Pc), BC, ON |
| | | 2 ppm | 5.9 mg/m ³ | RSST (Pc) |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | TWA (8h) | 1 ppm | | US AIHA |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits. | | | |
| Individual protection me | easures | | | |
| Eye | Wear safety glasses with side shields. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles. | | | |
| Hands | Wear Nitrile gloves. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. | | | |
| Skin | | | | |

| | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. If necessary, wear an apron or long-sleeve protective coverall suit. |
|-------------|---|
| Respiratory | Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. |
| Feet | Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill. |
| | |





| 9. Physical and chemical properties | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | Flammability | Non-flammable. |
| Colour | Green | Flammability limits | N/Av. |
| Odour | Characteristic | Flash point | N/Av. |
| Odour threshold | N/Av. | Auto-ignition temperature | N/Av. |
| рН | N/Av. | Sensibility to electrostatic charges | N/Av. |
| Melting point | N/Av. | Sensibility to sparks and/or friction | No |
| Freezing point | N/Av. | Vapour density | N/Av. (Air = 1) |
| Boiling point | N/Av. | Relative density | N/Av. (Water = 1) |
| Solubility | Slightly soluble in water. | Partition coefficient n-octanol/water | N/Av. |
| Evaporation rate | N/Av. | Decomposition temperature | N/Av. |
| Vapour pressure | N/Av. | Viscosity | N/Av. |
| Percent Volatile | N/Av. | Molecular mass | N/Ap. |
| N/Av | .: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applica | ble Und.: Undetermined | N/E: Not Established |
| | | | |

| 10. Stability and reactivity | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Reactivity | No information available for this product. | | |
| Chemical stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations) | A dangerous reaction will not occur. | | |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid contact with incompatible substances. Avoid moisture, sunlight, heat and frost. | | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates), strong reducing agents (e.g. | | |

| | potassium, sodium, lithium, metal hydrides), strong bases (e.g. hydroxides, solutions of ammonia, amines, carbonates). |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| 11. Toxicolo | ogical informati | ion | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Numerical | Hydroxypropyl metha | acrylate Ingestion >2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 | | | | | | | |
| measures of | | Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 | | | | | | | |
| toxicity | Acrylic acid | Ingestion 357 mg/kg Rat LD50 | | | | | | | |
| | | Ingestion 357 mg/kg Rat LD50 Inhalation 3.6 mg/l/4h Rat LC50 | | | | | | | |
| | Aliabetic urethone co | Skin 640 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 crylate Ingestion >2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 | | | | | | | |
| | Aliphatic urethane ac | rylate Ingestion >2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 Skin >2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 | | | | | | | |
| | 1-Acetyl-2-phenylhyd | | | | | | | | |
| | Cumene hydroperoxi | | | | | | | | |
| / | | Inhalation 1.4 mg/l/4h Rat LC50 | | | | | | | |
| | | Skin 500 mg/kg Rat LD50 | | | | | | | |
| Likely routes of | Skin, eyes, inhalation | , ingestion. | | | | | | | |
| exposure | | | | | | | | | |
| Delayed, | Eye contact | May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. Acrylic acid (CAS no 79-10-7) is | | | | | | | |
| immediate and chronic effects | | highly corrosive to the eyes. Eye Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD TG 405): tests performed with the other ingredients of this mixture gave not irritating results. | | | | | | | |
| | Skin contact | May cause skin irritation and burns. Acrylic acid (CAS no 79-10-7) is highly corrosive | | | | | | | |
| | | on skin rabbits (OECD TG 404). Skin Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD 404) : tests | | | | | | | |
| | | performed with the other ingredients of this mixture gave not irritating to irritating | | | | | | | |
| | Inhalation | results. May cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract. Prolonged exposure may | | | | | | | |
| | imalation | cause headache, dizziness and nausea. | | | | | | | |
| | Ingestion | May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastro-intestinal irritation and burns to mouth, throat and stomach. | | | | | | | |
| | | May cause an allergic reaction of the skin. Hydroxypropyl methacrylate (CAS no | | | | | | | |
| | sensitization | 27813-02-1) is not really a sensitizer in mouse study (OECD Guideline 429). However, a weak sensitisation response was observed on animal and cross sensitisation with | | | | | | | |
| | | other methacrylate or acrylates family compounds has been observed in animals and | | | | | | | |
| | | humans (OEDC 2008). Cumene hydroperoxide (CAS no 80-15-9) is known to have a | | | | | | | |
| | | skin sensitizing potential in human (TONEX). It is reasonable mentioning that the ingredient Aliphatic urethane acrylate (Urethane No CAS available) which is from the | | | | | | | |
| | | acrylates family compounds, may cause skin sensitization. One study reported dermal | | | | | | | |
| | | sensitization in a worker who used an adhesive containing 1-Acetyl-2-phenylhydrazine | | | | | | | |
| | IADO/NTD | (CAS no 114-83-0). Closed skin tests (patch) gave a positive response. | | | | | | | |
| | IARC/NTP Classification | No ingredients listed. | | | | | | | |
| | Carcinogenicity | Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NIOSH, NTP or OSHA. | | | | | | | |
| | Mutagenicity | Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects. | | | | | | | |
| | Reproductive toxicity | Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects. | | | | | | | |
| | Specific target | Respiratory system. | | | | | | | |
| | organ toxicity - single exposure | | | | | | | | |
| | Specific target | No target organ is listed. | | | | | | | |
| | organ toxicity - | | | | | | | | |
| | repeated exposure | | | | | | | | |

| Interactive effects | No information available. |
|---------------------|---|
| Other information | The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. The acute toxicity estimates (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 20 mg/L/4h for vapours and to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h for the dusts and mists. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012. |

| 12. Ecologic | eal information | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Ecological toxicity | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout | LC50 3.9 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 80-15-9) OECD 203 |
| | Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna, Water flea (immobilization) | EC50 18.8 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 80-15-9) OECD 202 |
| | Aquatic Plant - Algea, Scenedesmus subspicatus | EC50 3.1 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 80-15-9) OECD 201 |
| | Marine fish - Scophthalmus maximus - Turbot | LC50 833 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 27813-02-1) |
| | Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna - Fresh water | EC50 >143 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 27813-02-1) |
| _ | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout | LC50 27 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 79-10-7) |
| | Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna - Fresh water | EC50 95 mg/L; 78 h (CAS no 79-10-7) |
| | Aquatic Plant - Algea, Desmodesmus subspicatus | EC50 0.205 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 79-10-7) |
| Persistence | Contains an or many ingredients that may be persistent in | n aquatic environment. |
| Degradability | The product is a mixture of which some ingredients are reother ingredients are not readily biodegradable (<60% in | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | The product is a mixture of which all ingredients have a loor BCF <500). | ow bioaccumulation potential (Log Kow of <3 and / |
| Mobility in soil | The product is a mixture of which some ingredients have have a moderate to low mobility in the soil. | a high mobility in the soil, while other ingredients |
| Other adverse effects | This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. | |

13. Disposal considerations

Container

Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

| 14. Transport in | formation |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN Number | UN 1760 |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acrylic acid) |
| Environmental hazards | This material does not contain marine pollutant. |
| Special precautions for user | Permit required for transportation with proper DANGER placards displayed on vehicle. Exemption available: LTD QTY according to TDG Canada - art. 1.17; Mode of transportation: rail, sea and road, applicable for Canadian domestic shipments. Quantitative limits: applicable for domestic containers (plastic bottles, glass or metal) containing =< 1L each. |
| TDG - Transportation of | of Dangerous Goods (Canada) |

| Transport hazard class(es) | Class 8 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Packing group | II | | | |
| Emergency response guidebook 2016 | 154 | | | |
| IMO/IMDG - Internation | al Maritime Transport | | | |
| Classification | UN 1760. CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acrylic acid). Class 8, PG II. Emergency schedules (EmS-No) F-A, S-B | | | |
| IATA - International Air | Transport Association | | | |
| Classification | UN 1760. CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acrylic acid). Class 8, PG II. | | | |

transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

| Common name | CAS | CEPA | DSL | NDSL | NPRI |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Hydroxypropyl methacrylate | 27813-02-1 | | X | | |
| Aliphatic urethane acrylate | Urethane No CAS | | X | | |
| Acrylic acid | 79-10-7 | X | X | | X |
| 1-Acetyl-2-phenylhydrazine | 114-83-0 | | X | | |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | 80-15-9 | | X | | X |

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

| Common name | CAS | TSCA | CER CLA | EPCRA 313 | EPCRA 302/304 | 112(b) | CAA 112(b) HAP | CWA 311 | CWA Prio. |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------|------------|--------------|------------------|--------|----------------------|------------|--------------|
| Hydroxypropyl methacrylate | 27813-02-1 | X | 4 | | | | | | |
| Aliphatic urethane acrylate | Urethane No CAS | X | A | | | | | | |
| Acrylic acid | 79-10-7 | X | Х | X | | X | Х | | |
| 1-Acetyl-2-phenylhydrazine 114-83-0 | | Χ | | | | | | | |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | 80-15-9 | Χ | X | X | | X | | | |

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

Other regulations

WHMIS 1988



Class D2B: Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class E : Corrosive material

TM/MD





| 16. Other in | formation |
|----------------------|--|
| Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | AEROCHEM Inc. 2015-05-08 |
| Version | 01 |
| Other information | REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php - TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov - Toxicological Review, Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), USA Environment Protection Agency, www.epa.gov/iris ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health |

NTP: National Toxicology Program

RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min)

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System



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